



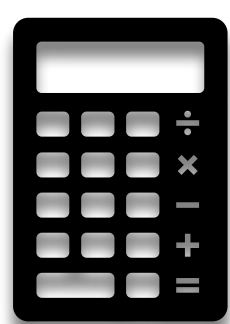
SLOW RISE PROJECT TIPS

DETERMINE YOUR GOALS



The first step in any successful project is making sure you know what you are setting out to accomplish. With an enclosed wall that is going to be filled with slow rise foam, there really isn't an option to spray a specific thickness. What gets pumped into the wall is going to end up the size of the empty space. So, the great news is that in a standard 2x4 framed wall, you'll end up with 3.5+ inches of dense, moisture stopping closed cell foam. The downside is that 2 inches of closed cell foam would also get you great results at about half the cost, but with the added expense of removing and reinstalling drywall.

DO THE MATH



Your total required number of spray foam kits is determined by your total board feet need. A board-foot is one squared foot at one inch thick. If you are filling a 2x4 framed wall, take the length times the height of the wall to get the square footage, and then multiply that number by the thickness of empty space you are filling, in this case, 4". Take your total board-feet need of all of your walls, and then add about 20% or more for waste. Divide your total board-feet need by 600 (the board-feet a Foam it Green 602 kit can cover), round it up to the next whole kit, and place your order! Keep in mind, the amount a kit can cover is measured in "free rise" meaning how much it would expand to if it was not held back by anything. With slow rise foam, the studs, substrate, and curing foam will prevent the foam from expanding as much as it would if you sprayed it on an open surface. This is why more waste should be factored in for this type of project.

PREPARE FOR SUCCESS



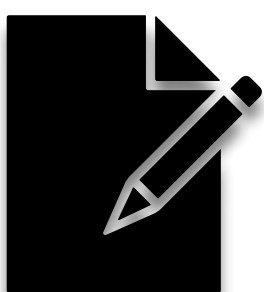
It's difficult to get foam off of surfaces it hits. So, be sure to take the time to cover anything you do not want foam stuck to including floors, windows, equipment in the area, and even you once you start spraying! Along with the recommended PPE, the sprayer should have no exposed skin or hair during application. How do you get foam out of a beard? In a word, scissors. Foam can expand out of the holes you've made in the walls, so attaching plastic sheeting or drop cloths to the baseboard or just under the holes is recommended. Whatever tubing you decide to purchase to attach to the nozzles to feed into the wall should be pre-cut, no longer than 3 feet long, and attached to the nozzles to prevent you from having to make them once you start spraying.

TECHNIQUE TIPS



There is no one-size-fits-all approach to how long to hold the trigger when filling a wall cavity. Most customers inject foam into just a single opening at the beginning, and then count to ten-one-thousand and release. Watch and wait to see how high the foam expands. If it comes up past the hole, reduce your time for trigger pull. Conversely, if it doesn't make it to the hole, add time.

SPECIAL NOTES ABOUT SLOW RISE



How to patch the holes that need to be made in the walls to inject the foam is up to the user. Just remember, bigger holes means bigger patches! "Splinting" the tubing can be helpful to make sure you are pointing the foam downward in the cavity. The outer diameter of the threaded end of the mixing nozzle is 5/16", so whatever tubing the user selects should ideally have an inner diameter also that size for a snug fit. It is highly recommended to use clear tubing, because the foam going into the cavity absolutely must be light green in color to ensure it will bond, expand, and cure. Pumping off-ratio component into a wall creates a very laborious removal situation that may require opening up the wall. In a standard height wall, holes can be made between each set of studs at 3', 6', and then as close to the top of the wall as possible. Be aware of any horizontal fire stops in between the studs as these will also stop the foam from traveling where it needs to go. Slow rise foam can only be used in an empty, vertical wall. Overhead ceiling or floor applications are not recommended, and any pre-existing insulation in the cavity will prevent the foam from fully filling.

STILL HAVE QUESTIONS? WE ARE HERE TO HELP! 1-833-FOAMITG